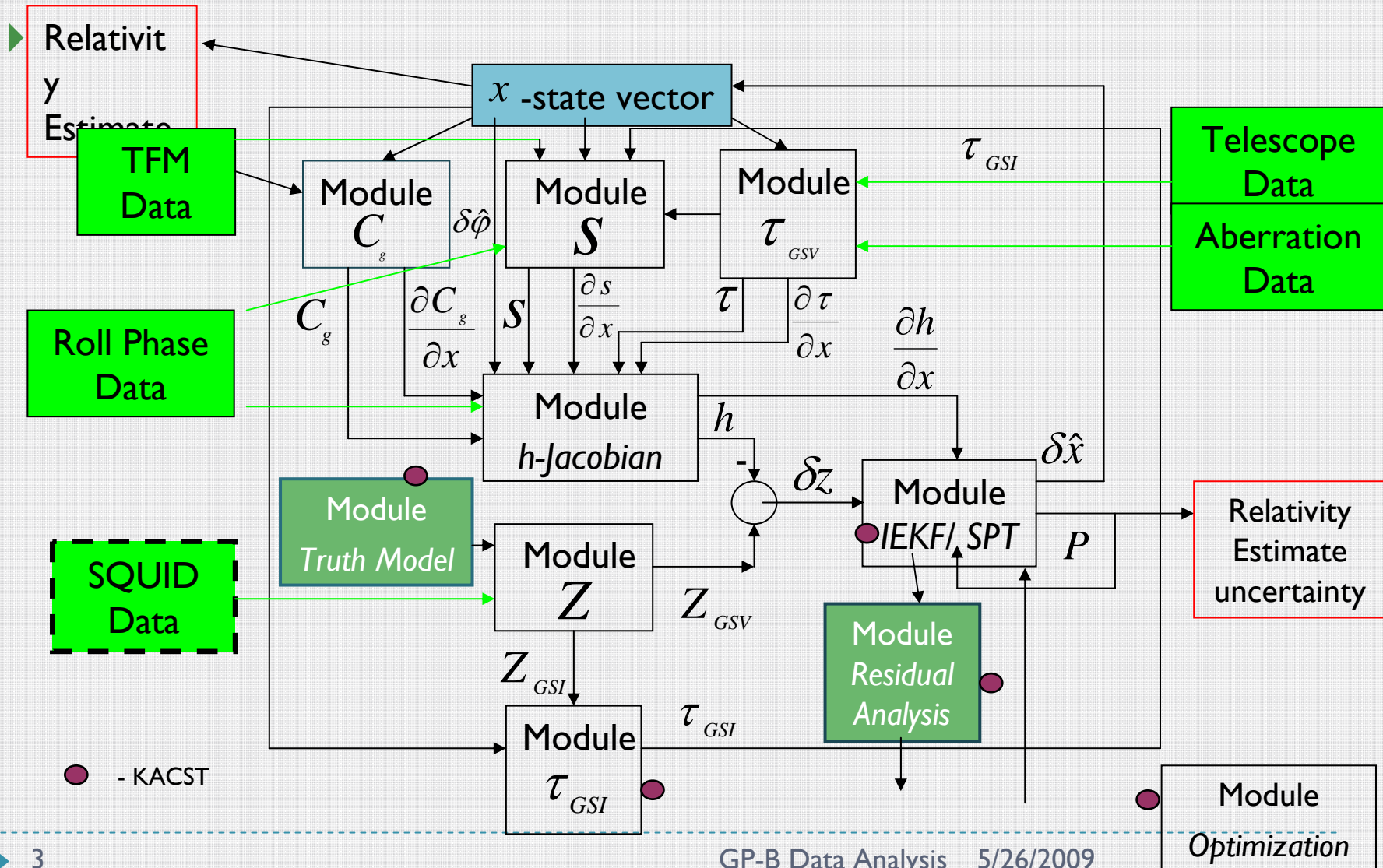


Data Analysis: Truth Model

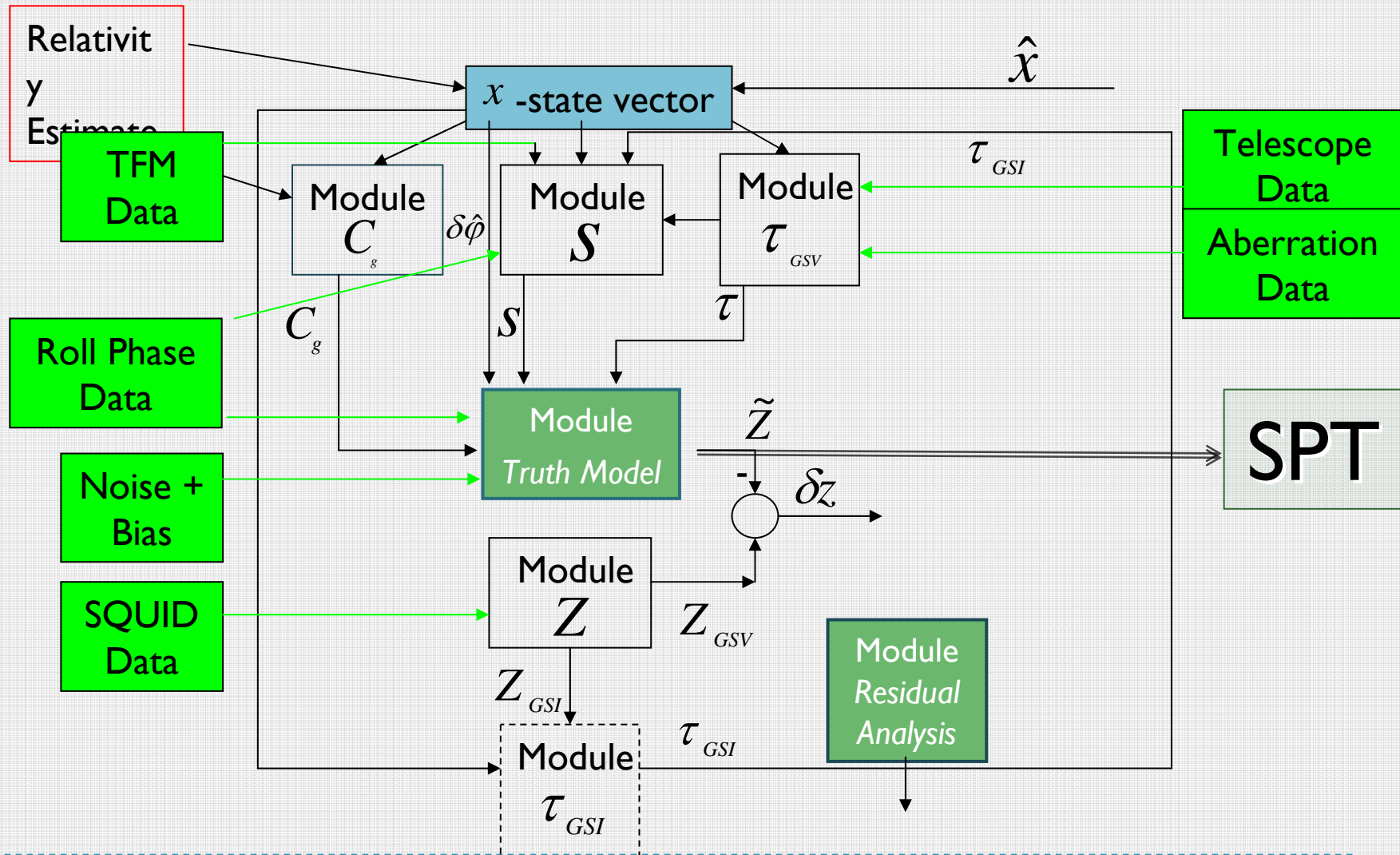
Badr, M. Heifetz, V. Solomink,

- ▶ **Filter efficiency estimation based on the truth model.**
 - ▶ Filter properties are easier to be determined when the truth is known.
- ▶ **Sensitivity to the filter-model mismatch.**
- ▶ **Is the current model a sufficient representation of the real system? Are all parameters need to be determined?**
 - ▶ **Model Identification.**
- ▶ **Model verification. (Tom)**

Module-based Functional Block Diagram



Truth Model Block Diagram



SQUID
Signal

$$Z_{SQUID}(t) = C_g(t) \{ [\tau_{NS}(t) - s_{NS}(t)] \cos(\Phi_r(t) + \delta\varphi) + [\tau_{EW}(t) - s_{EW}(t)] \sin(\Phi_r(t) + \delta\varphi) \} + bias + noise$$

$$C_g(t) = C_L^{LM} \left[1 + \sum_{m=0}^{M_{cg}} (a_m \cos(m\Phi_p(t)) + b_m \sin(m\Phi_p(t))) \right],$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} a_m(t) \\ b_m(t) \end{pmatrix} = \sum_{n=0}^{N_{cg}} \begin{pmatrix} a_{mn} \\ b_{mn} \end{pmatrix} \varepsilon^{m+2n}(t),$$

$$\varepsilon(t) = \tan(\gamma(t) / 2)$$

$$\frac{ds_{NS}}{dt} = r_{NS} + k(t)(\tau_{EW} - s_{EW})$$

$$+ \sum_{m=0}^{M_c} \sum_{n=0}^{N_c} \varepsilon^{m+2n} [a_{mn}^- \cos\Phi_m^-(t) - b_{mn}^+ \sin\Phi_m^-(t) + a_{mn}^+ \cos\Phi_m^+(t) - a_{mn}^- \sin\Phi_m^+(t)]$$

$$\frac{ds_{EW}}{dt} = \dots$$

$$k(t) = \sum_{m=0}^{M_k} [k_{1m}(\gamma_0) \cos m\Phi_0(t) + k_{2m}(\gamma_0) \sin m\Phi_0(t)]$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} k_{1m} \\ k_{2m} \end{pmatrix} = \sum_{n=0}^{N_k} \begin{pmatrix} k_{1mn} \\ k_{2mn} \end{pmatrix} \varepsilon_0^{n+1-\delta_{0m}}(t), \quad m = 0, 1, \dots, M_k$$

$$\varepsilon_0 = \tan(\gamma_0 / 2)$$

TFM

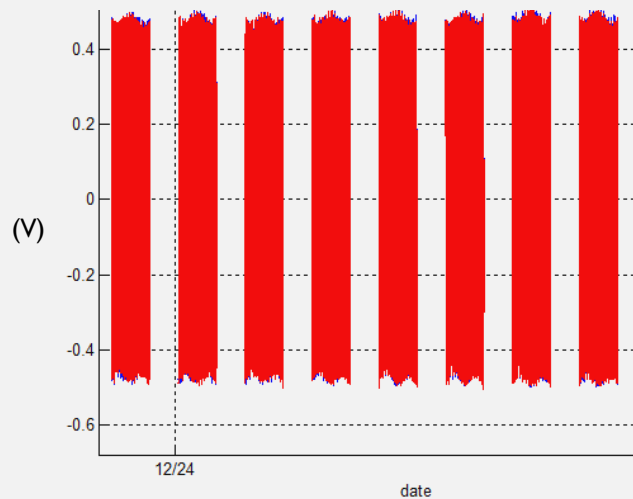
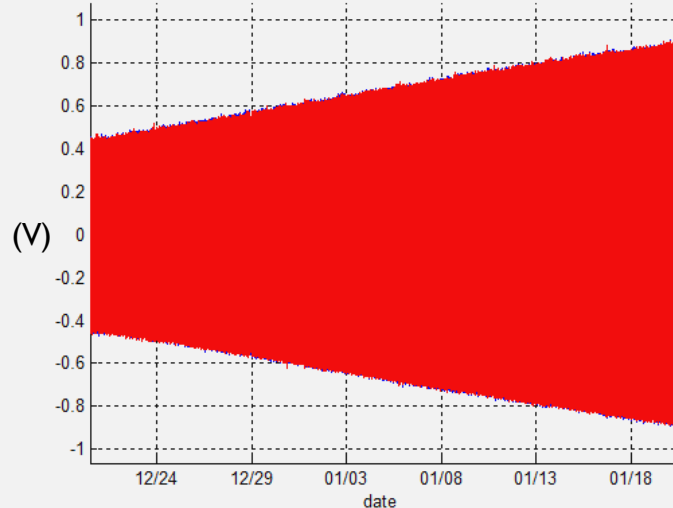
$$c^\pm(t) = \sum_{m=0}^{M_c} [c_{1m}^\pm(\gamma_0) \cos m\Phi_p^0(t) + c_{2m}^\pm(\gamma_0) \sin m\Phi_p^0(t)]$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} c_{1m}^\pm \\ c_{2m}^\pm \end{pmatrix} = \sum_{n=0}^{N_c} \begin{pmatrix} c_{1mn}^\pm \\ c_{2mn}^\pm \end{pmatrix} \varepsilon_0^{n+1-\delta_{0n}}(t), \quad m = 0, 1, \dots, M_c$$

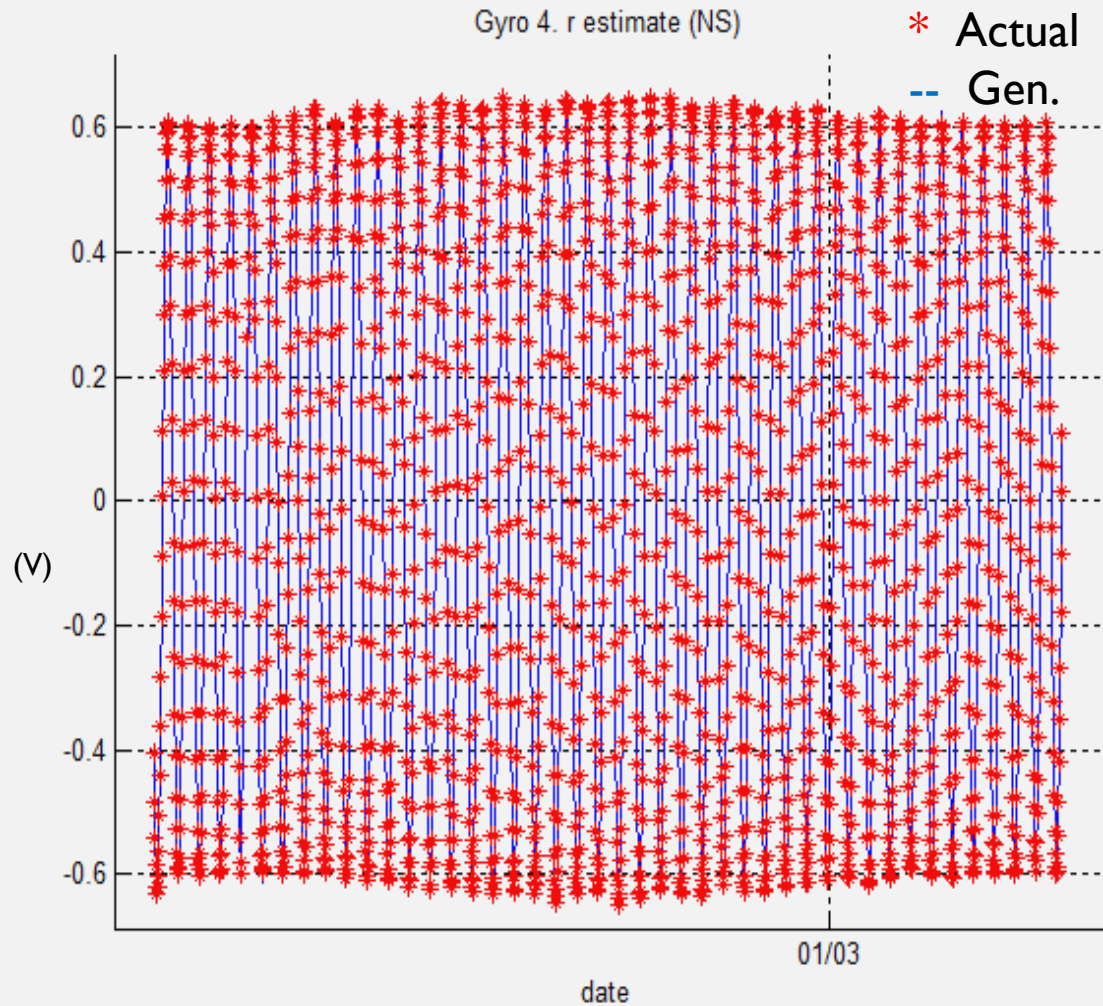
$$\begin{pmatrix} S_{NS} \\ S_{EW} \end{pmatrix}_t = \psi(t, t_0) \begin{pmatrix} S_{NS} \\ S_{EW} \end{pmatrix}_{t_0} + \psi(t, t_0) \int_{t_0}^t \psi(t', t_0) \begin{pmatrix} U_1(t') \\ U_2(t') \end{pmatrix} dt'$$

Generated Squid Signal

Gyro 4. r estimate (NS)

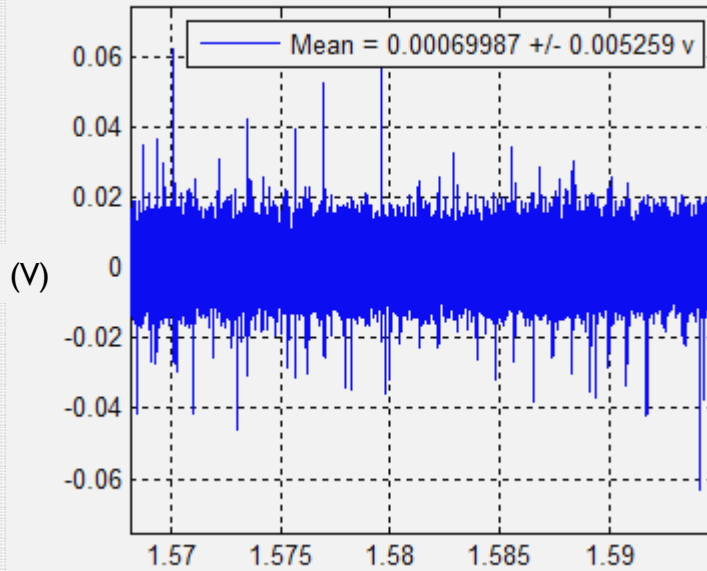


Gyro 4. r estimate (NS)

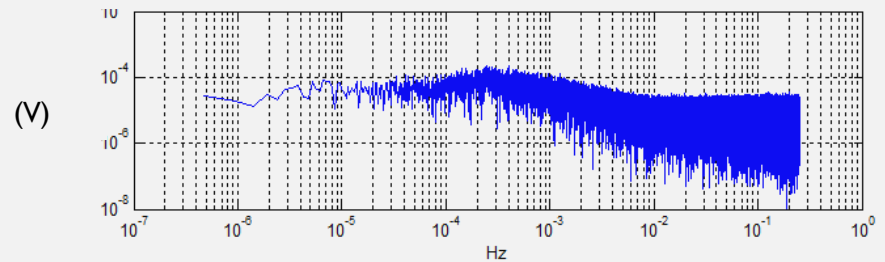
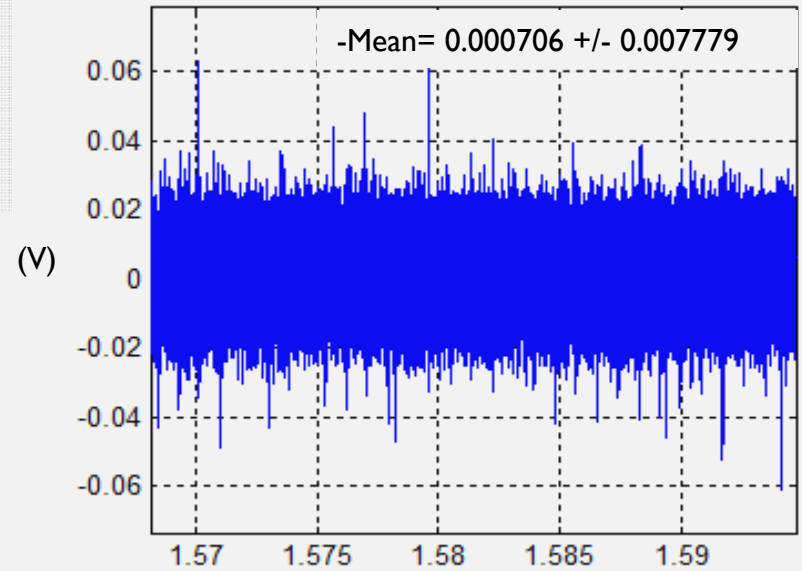


Generated vs. Actual Squid

Actual and Generated Squid signal difference

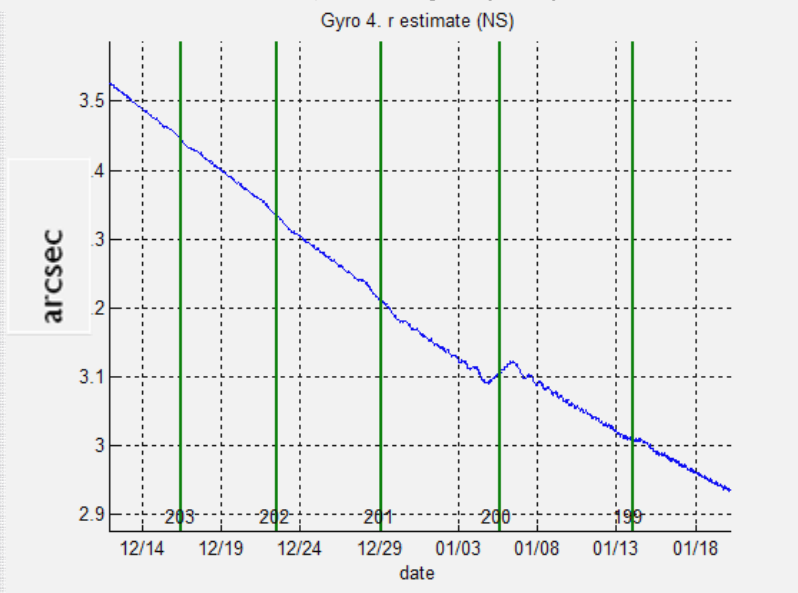


Actual and Generated Squid signal difference plus noise



1/f generated noise (Tom)

Generated Trajectory (NS)



Generated Trajectory (EW)



- ▶ Similar results were obtained for all four gyros.

- ▶ $S0 = \text{ZsquidTruth2go}(\text{'initi'}, X, iXc, iXg, \text{GYROS});$
 - ▶ Inputs: Assigned state vector, state index, and Gyro properties.
 - ▶ Outputs: Initial position (each segment), and stores the state vector.
- ▶ $[S0, Z] = \text{ZsquidTruth2go}(\text{'getZ'}, \text{'GSV / GSI'}, S0, \text{tSpan}, \dots, \text{GYROS});$
 - ▶ Inputs: Initial position, time, and case.
 - ▶ Output: last trajectory, and $Z\{\text{gyro}\#} = [t, Hnom, H, S];$
- ▶ It calls existing functions: any changes can be easily updated.

The truth model is integrated in the 2 sec. Filter.